B+ Test Feedback Sheet

Not all boxes need to be filled in. Only where there is a clear point for action when a candidate has not achieved the level required to be successful or a candidate has shown an exceptional ability in a particular area.

All the criteria in bold must be achieved if the candidate is to achieve the level of this test.

Candidate Name:	Date:	
Branch/Centre:		
Overall Result Withdrawn	Achieved	Not Achieved
Welfare Responsibilities (Dismounted discussion)	Comments	
 Give one example of a situation in which riders should consider whether or not it is ethical to ask their horse to perform a task (i.e., <u>should</u> you ask the horse to perform the task) 		
 2. Taking the welfare of your horse into consideration: a. Discuss the factors that influence your choice of pace when riding in the arena, on the road, and in open country 		
 b. List the solutions that you would consider if a horse was not making the time cross country c. Describe how you would prepare a young horse for their first show or 		
outing in company Training Horses (Dismounted	Comments	
3. Explain the use of operant conditioning (learning based on reward and punishment) in training horses; a. emphasise the use of pressure and release (negative reinforcement) b. rewarding the horse with food or scratching (positive reinforcement)		
 Discuss the importance of making aids more subtle with training, using operant conditioning 		
Explain why it is important the horse works comfortably / in self-carriage, using operant conditioning		
 Explain the use of classical conditioning (learning based on substituting one aid for another) in training horses under saddle; emphasise how you can transfer an aid 		

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	from pressure and release (negative
	reinforcement) to the voice
7.	Explain why a horse may show a
	resistance or evasion and
	understand possible solutions to
	ensure the horse is comfortable
8.	Discuss how you would develop
	relaxation in horses
9.	Discuss the advantages of training
4.0	horses using the Scale of Training
10	Describe the paces and their
4.4	variations (e.g., working vs medium)
11	Explain how and why you would use
	progressive arena exercises, including lateral movements, to improve a
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12	horse's way of going Describe the uses of trotting and canter
12	poles in flatwork and preparation for
	jumping
13	. Discuss advantages and
	disadvantages of grid work for a horse
	you have ridden over fences
14	. Discuss the use of jumping exercises,
	including related distances, in training
	horses
15	. Specify the required distances between
	fences for a horse for doubles of one or
	two strides and related distances of
	three, four, five or six strides (for fences
	up to 90 cm in height)
16	Explain the factors that you would
	consider when walking show jumping
17	and cross-country courses Discuss factors that should be
17	
	considered when: jumping verticals, oxers, doubles, dog legs, drops,
	ditches, bounces, corners and
	angled rails; riding up or down
	banks; jumping into the dark; riding
	or jumping into water
	or jumping into water

Riding	Comments
Ride a familiar horse on the flat	
18. Sit in a correct and balanced position,	
showing harmony with the horse, and	
allowing the aids to be applied	
accurately and effectively	
19. Demonstrate effective aids	
20. Adjust training according to the horse's	
emotional state	
21. Show logical progressive work	
22. Demonstrate work designed to improve	
rhythm, suppleness, and contact	
23. Show direct transitions, leg yielding,	
shoulder-in, walk-to-canter, and counter	
canter (the degree of training of the	

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horse will be taken into account)	
24. Assess the horse's way of going,	
basing your assessment on the Scale	
of Training	
25. Outline a specific plan aimed at	
improving the horse's way of going	
26. Show an understanding of arena	
etiquette	
Ride an unfamiliar horse (exchanged with	
another candidate) on the flat	
27. Sit in a correct and balanced	
position showing rapport and	
harmony with the horse	
28. Demonstrate effective aids	
29. Adjust training according to the horse's	
emotional state	
30. Show logical progressive work within	
the horse's capabilities	
31. Assess the horse's way of going,	
acknowledging both strengths and	
areas for improvement, basing your	
assessment on the Scale of Training	
32. Suggest a plan to improve the	
horse's way of going	
33. Demonstrate work designed to improve	
weak areas in rhythm, suppleness, and	
contact	0
Jumping	Comments
Ride a familiar horse over show jumps	
34. Shorten stirrups to an appropriate	
length for jumping 35. Show a secure and correct lower leg	
position	
36. Have a correct position showing	
balance, independence, and security	
37. Warm up the horse appropriately for	
jumping, taking the ground conditions	
into account	
38. Adopt a forward rhythmical pace,	
suitable for the type of fences and the	
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horse's degree of training	
horse's degree of training 39. Maintain the rhythm to and away from	
horse's degree of training 39. Maintain the rhythm to and away from fences	
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round

44. Consider the following topics:

- a. What was your overall impression of the round?
- b. How did the horse cope with the turns and changes of direction?
- c. What sort of shape did the horse make over the fences?
- d. Did the horse prefer to stand off the fences or come in deep to them?
- e. What fences (or grid) would you build to improve this horse's jumping ability?
- f. How did the horse jump combinations and related distances?
- g. How could you use ground poles to improve this horse's jumping of combinations and related distances?
- h. How much influence did the rider need to have over the horse?
- i. Did the horse respond to the riders' aids?
- j. Did the horse show any signs of stress or discomfort?

Ride cross country

- 45. Show a correct, balanced position appropriate for undulating terrain, with a secure and correct lower leg position
- 46. Maintain a suitable rein contact before, over, and after fences
- 47. Ride effectively, developing the horse's confidence in the open and over fences
- 48. Maintain a rhythmical balanced pace before, over, and after fences
- 49. Adjust training according to the horses' level of emotional state
- 50. Demonstrate an understanding of pace and balance for a variety of fences
- 51. Assess and describe aspects of the horse's strengths and areas for improvement both on the flat and over fences, basing your assessment on the Scale of Training
- 52. Describe plans to improve the horse's way of going across country

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Additional Comments		
Assessor's Name:	Assessor's Signature:	